



@Miecosocialismo



@Minecoficialve

## MINISTER JOSUÉ LORCA WAS APPOINTED NATIONAL AUTHORITY TO THE GREEN CLIMATE FUND (GCF)

The President of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Nicolás Maduro Moros, appointed, through a decree with Rank, Value and Force of Organic Law of the Public Administration, the Minister of Popular Power for Ecosocialism, Josué Lorca, as the National Authority designated to the Green Climate Fund.

The appointment appeared in Official Gazette number 42,217, in Decree No. 4,585, which also creates a Presidential Commission that will have the name of the National Committee of the Green Climate Fund, as an advisory body to the President of the Republic, on a permanent basis. Likewise, the Minister for Ecosocialism is in charge of the execution of the aforementioned Presidential Decree.

The Presidential Commission will be chaired by the Sectoral Vice President of Planning and will be made up of the ministries for Ecosocialism, Foreign Relations, Economy, Finance and Foreign Trade, Industries and National Production, Indigenous Peoples, Habitat and Housing, Water Care, University Education, and other organisms and entities with powers and competences in the field of climate change, approved by it.



Additionally, the Ministry for Ecosocialism will exercise the Technical Secretariat, in charge of keeping the agenda of the different meetings that are held, of the preparation of the pertinent minutes and also, of presenting the proposals that will be submitted to the Presidential Commission.

Among the attributions of the Presidential Commission are: Advise the President of the Republic on the form of investment of resources from the Green Climate Fund Coordinate the investment of resources from the Green Climate Fund, as a National Strategy before the Climate Change, as well as the National Adaptation and Mitigation Plans; Present the respective reports to the President of the Republic and suggest the necessary corrective measures to the competent authorities; Guarantee the generation and effective management of the necessary technical, administrative and financial information, for the adequate investment of the resources of the Green Climate Fund; Present guidelines and guidelines for the preparation and execution of the Investment Plan or Plans, as well as monitor and control them; Promote the strengthening of state, regional and municipal capacities to contribute to the fulfillment of the purpose of the decree; Promote the implementation of education and outreach policies, to make the population aware of the adverse effects of climate change; Promote the carrying out of studies and research projects aimed at providing the tools that allow the State to fulfill the stated purposes; and any other attribution that they consider pertinent, as well as those that the President of the Republic assigns within its scope of action.





## INAUGURATED IN THE MACARAO PARISH THE COMMUNITY NURSERY N° 22 AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL



In order to guarantee the productive alliance with the Popular Power, the Ministry for Ecosocialism inaugurated the Community Nursery number 22 at the national level, an activity that took place in the La Fe Parcel Community Council, in La Tierra Santa sector, in the Macarao parish of Caracas.

The inauguration was in charge of the Vice Minister of Waste and Solid Waste Management of the MINEC, Luis Palacios, in the company of the spokesmen of the Popular Power, José Molina, Jesús Camacho and Pedro Páez, residents of the community.

The nursery will benefit approximately 3,824 families in the area and is called Tierra Santa, with which it is expected to produce at least 12 thousand plants, including fruit, ornamental, forestry, medicinal and horticultural.

The MINEC gave some instruments in the act to the community, such as a 50-meter hose, machetes, a wheelbarrow, 10,000 black bags, shovels, scaffolds, a 20-liter sprinkler and a metal rake. Also, a productive alliance was signed between the MINEC and the La Fe Parcel Community Council, in which they agreed to work together in the production of plants for the benefit of the local population. Vice Minister Palacios indicated that these community nurseries will be inaugurated consecutively in the different states of the country, since the goal is to reach 300 community nurseries, and thus achieve the objective of producing 24 thousand plants per nursery.

The activity was enlivened by a group of boys and girls who performed traditional Venezuelan dances and a group of grandparents who sang and danced to the rhythm of the Venezuela occidental region music called "gaitas". In this way, the productive spaces in the country are strengthened in search of the Ecosocialist Homeland that Commander Hugo Chávez dreamed of, which at the same time serves to fulfill the Fifth Objective of the Homeland Plan.

## INTERVIEW IN PRINTED AND DIGITAL NEWSPAPER (NOTITARDE)

Ecosocialist and deeply Chavista greetings to all. On this date, an interview that we offer to the NOTITARDE Companions was published, in order to further publicize the work that the Ministry for Ecosocialism has been doing in the Carabobo State, as well as throughout the Country.

On the instructions of our Fellow Minister, Josué Alejandro Lorca Vega, the comrades of Pilares Marinos and MINEC CARABOBO, we project the achievements and the joint work that we have been developing for the eradication of the invasive Coral Xenia SP from the Carabobeñas coasts. Similarly, in the segment "Desayuno en la Redacción" (Breakfast at the Newsroom) of the NOTITARDE newspaper, we carry a message to each and every user of this communication medium, so that they join the *raison d'être* of our Ministry for Ecosocialism, which is not another if not to Preserve Life on the Planet and Save the Human Species ...! It should be noted that in said interview, we made notable mention of the statements of our Commander President Nicolás Maduro Moros, in the UN General Assembly: "A practical, verifiable response to action against greenhouse gases, against the global warming of the seas, of the environment, against all the phenomena of distortion and climate disaster".

Source: <https://www.notitarde.com/epaper/>







## The most explosive phase of the volcano on the island of La Palma forces new evacuations



The volcano on the island of La Palma, in the Spanish Canary archipelago, entered an even more explosive phase, for which the authorities were forced to carry out new evacuations "Due to an intensification of the explosive phenomenon and an increase in the instability of the volcanic building. Emitted materials can reach a greater distance and occur phenomena such as ash arrivals and high-temperature volcanic material beyond the exclusion zone", reported the Volcanic Emergency Plan of La Palma (Pevolca). The authorities ordered the evacuation of the neighborhoods of Tajuya, Tacandede Abajo and Tacande de Arriba, the closest to the perimeter evacuated in previous days, report international media.

So far there is no data on how many people will be mobilized, but this new eviction will undoubtedly increase the number of 6,000 evacuees that until now had caused the volcano.



The intensification of the explosive phenomenon caused an increase in the fall of pyroclasts and ash, forcing the fire department to withdraw from Todoque, one of the areas already evacuated, where they were carrying out cleaning work on rooftops to avoid collapses.

The deterioration of the situation was confirmed by the National Geographic Institute (IGN), who reported that the amplitude of the tremor (the volcanic vibrations caused by the movement of magma) is double at this time than when the initial eruption occurred on Sunday.

## Bolivia puts into operation three wind farms

The parks, which have 120-meter high towers and are located in the department of Santa Cruz, are part of a project to reduce carbon dioxide emissions and replace natural gas that will be industrialized.

The executive president of the National Electricity Corporation (ENDE Corporation), Marco Antonio Escobar, explained that these works are carried out within the framework of the reactivation of renewable and clean energy generation projects, which were paralyzed during the de facto government of Jeanine Áñez.



## Colombia seizes about 3,500 shark fins bound for Hong Kong

The seizure was made at the El Dorado international airport in the Colombian capital. According to environmental authorities, the number of fins seized means that between 900 and 1,000 sharks with sizes between 1 and 5 meters were slaughtered.

The shipment was initially sent to Bogotá through a transport company from the municipality of Roldanillo, in the department of Valle de Cauca, in the southwest of the country, a product of illegal fishing, announced the Bogotá Environment Secretariat. "The transport company was the one that initially alerted the environmental authority and the police," said the Secretary of the Environment of Bogotá, Carolina Urrutia. "The police are taking the specimens to find out exactly what species they were, but we already know that there are more than three species of sharks that exist in the Colombian seas. The National Police is in charge of the investigation and asked the transport company for the sender and recipient information to start the respective judicial process" Urrutia said.

According to recent research, shark cartilage is anti-inflammatory and pain-relieving, boosts the immune system, and is also a potent tumor inhibitor.



• Source: + Verde.com





## Victorious return of President Nicolás Maduro after VI CELAC Summit in Mexico



Upon his return to the country, the President of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Nicolás Maduro, highlighted the remarkable success of the VI Summit of the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States, held on Saturday, September 17 in Mexico City.

During the statements to the press from the "Benito Juárez" International Airport, the Head of State stated: "We have managed to get the 32 member countries of the Community of Latin American and Caribbean States to meet at the highest level and important consensus was reached, new agreements in key matters such as the pandemic".



In this sense, the National President explained that other agreements reached are the creation of the Disaster Fund and issues related to the preparation of Latin America on Climate Change. On the other hand, he pointed out that "we have created a Space Agency for Latin America and the Caribbean, it is a gigantic step, truly," he stressed. President Maduro asserted that experiences of an extraterrestrial nature, space, all the scientific knowledge of the countries of Latin America and the Caribbean in order to consolidate a common Space Agency. He stressed that the proposal signed at the VI CELAC Summit will now be taken to the National Assembly (AN) in order to constitute it as a Law. "In Venezuela we have a Space Agency created by Commander Chávez. We have two satellites, the Miranda and the Sucre, we had the Simón Bolívar satellite".







## SPORTS

### LVBP dedicates the 2021-22 campaign to the memory of the former president of Leones del Caracas, Luis Ávila

The board of directors of the Venezuelan Professional Baseball League (LVBP), in agreement with the delegates of the eight teams that make it up, agreed to dedicate the 2021-22 campaign to the memory of engineer Luis Ávila, president of the Leones del Caracas Club, who died in the city of Miami, United States, on August 4, at the age of 76.

Linked to the Cisneros Group as a senior executive since 1985, he was part of the board of the capital baseball team since 2001, when through the company Ateneas Sports Holding, the corporation chaired by Gustavo Cisneros negotiated with the succession of the Morales and Prieto families, the acquisition of the long-haired group, founder of the Venezuelan Professional Baseball League in 1946.

Starting in 2008, Ávila was promoted from vice president to president of the Caracas Leones (the Lions), replacing Ariel Prat. As president of Los Leones, Ávila celebrated the last title of the popular capital franchise in the 2009-10 season, when Los Leones (the Lions) gave an account of Magallanes (Magallans) in a dramatic final series of seven games.



### Vinotinto announces preliminary list for triple date of South American qualifiers heading to Qatar 2022

The Venezuelan national team released the preliminary list for the triple date of the South American qualifiers to the Qatar 2022 World Cup, which will be played in October.

The list of coach Leonardo González includes 49 players, which highlights the return of the UD Las Palmas player from the second vision of Spain, Adalberto Peñaranda, after several dates absent due to injury and lack of continuity.

Likewise, Yangel Herrera and Yordan Osorio stand out, who have also been out due to physical problems in recent months.

For his part, Salomón Rondón returns to the list with the hope that this time he can travel to the country to play the matches.

## CULTURE



### Carabobo History and Memory Cycle: strategies and movements on an undulating geography will be held on September 30 at the Museum of Bellas Artes

Next Thursday, September 30, the National Museums Foundation will offer the Carabobo History and Memory Cycle: strategies and movements on an undulating geography, as part of the seminar "Carabobo 2021. National Consciousness and Imaginary", in Room 1 of the Museum of Bellas Artes.

It was possible to know that the speakers will be General Frank Zurita (Head of the Military Training Division of the Bolivarian Military University of Venezuela) and Rosanna Álvarez (historian of the Simón Bolívar Study Center), in addition there will be a projection of the photographic series Carabobo, a contemporary look, by Miguel Herrera, referred to the National Museums Foundation in social networks.

This activity is free of charge, organized by small groups and under strict biosafety measures, as instructed by the President of the Republic, Nicolás Maduro Moros.

Fundación Museos Nacionales  
**Museo de Bellas Artes**

**Seminario**  
"Carabobo 2021. Conciencia e imaginario nacional"  
Ciclo: HISTORIA Y MEMORIA  
**Carabobo: estrategias y movimientos sobre una geografía ondulante**  
Dirigido a público general  
Ponentes: General Frank Zurita (Jefe de la División de Adiestramiento Militar, Universidad Militar Bolivariana de Venezuela) y Rosanna Álvarez (historiadora del Centro de Estudios Simón Bolívar).  
Proyección de la serie fotográfica Carabobo, una mirada contemporánea, por Miguel Herrera.  
Fecha: jueves, 30 de septiembre de 2021  
Hora: 10 a. m. a 12 m.  
Lugar: Sala 1  
NOTA: Actividad gratuita organizada con grupos reducidos y bajo estrictas medidas de bioseguridad.  
Síguenos por: @fundacionmuseos / @amigosmuseobellasartes - Facebook: museobellasartes

GRAN FESTIVAL CULTURAL  
**CARABOBO 200**

REFLEXIONES EN EL MUSEO  
**CARABOBO**  
LA ESCALA DE 20  
LA HISTORIA  
Fotografías de Rodrigo Benavides



Gobierno Bolivariano de Venezuela | Ministerio del Poder Popular para la Cultura

200 AÑOS CARABOBO





## LET'S SAVE THE PACHAMAMA

### How to save the Earth in this decade, according to the UN

This decade will be crucial to stop the destruction of the Planet and give it a chance for the future, according to a comprehensive UN report, which carries out a detailed analysis of the current situation and what measures must be taken immediately.

The UN Secretary General, António Guterres, argues that society is now reaping the consequences of "having declared war" on Nature, a suicidal impulse that has accelerated the destruction of the planet and, therefore, has put at risk human existence itself. To reverse this trend, it is imperative to speak, unapologetically, in terms of planetary urgency and accept that humanity faces ten crucial years to "make peace" with Earth.

A recent study by the United Nations includes a diagnosis of how things are, how they will become, and includes precisely that scientific plan that will have to be followed to face the climate emergency, the bleeding loss of biodiversity and the levels of pollution. that undermine health, both of the environment and of humans. The diagnosis that this report makes about the health status of our home, the Earth, is devastating, although not exactly revealing, since the scientific community has been warning it for decades.



The average temperature of the planet has increased by more than 1°C since the pre-industrial era. It is estimated that if the pace does not slow down, in 2040 we will be around a 1.5°C rise and in 2100 it will be at least 3°C. The effects have been showing for years: melting of glaciers, rising sea levels, forest fires, water stress, greater intensity and frequency of extreme weather events. This increase in temperature has (and will have) a major impact on the marine environment, since it is expected, among other consequences, a loss of up to 30% of coral reefs and between 20% and 90% of coastal wetlands until the end of the century. It is a problem aggravated by greenhouse gas emissions effects, which continue to retain heat in the atmosphere and which, along with other polluting compounds, are the cause of nine million premature deaths a year, according to the UN.



The world population has doubled in the last 50 years. It increasingly covers more space on the planet with the intention of exploiting it and meeting the growing demand for goods and services. This includes grazing land for livestock, forests dedicated to obtaining timber, or the extraction and diversion of freshwater systems for human consumption. "Climate change, soil degradation, and pollution of soil, water, and oceans can degrade ecosystems in such a way that air and water pollution skyrocket, water availability is reduced, and nature's ability to absorb carbon dioxide, which in turn can further increase climate change," notes the report Making Peace With Nature: A Scientific Blueprint to Tackle the Climate, Biodiversity and Pollution Emergencies"

The UN insists that this conglomerate of emergencies derived from mistreatment of the Planet pose an obstacle to the elimination of poverty, increase the risk of malnutrition, displacement due to environmental degradation (considered as "climatic migrations") and, in addition, accentuate inequality and conflicts due to lack of resources and loss of opportunities.

Humanity has much to lose, so it is essential that it transform its relationship with nature as the only way to achieve a sustainable future. In fact, it must be a comprehensive transformation, which "encompasses the entire system", from the population's consumption habits to the prevailing economic systems themselves. "Although its benefits will not be perceived for several years due to the lasting nature of the environmental effects or the inertia of the socioeconomic system, these measures must be adopted now," warns the UN.

Among the measures highlighted in the report to make this reconversion real, the demand for political will to comply with the Paris Agreements stands out, since if it is to limit global warming to 1.5 °C, net emissions of carbon dioxide must be reduced 45% by 2030.



## EPHEMERIS



September 27

- World Tourism Day and World River Day

September 28

- Rómulo Betancourt dies (1981) | Venezuelan journalist and politician.
- The National Institute of Civil Aviation is founded, today the National Institute of Civil Aviation INAC (2001).

September 29

- The Caracas Cable Car is inaugurated (1955).
- Venezuelan Civil Aviation Day.
- World Seas Day

September 30

- The San José de Chacao parish is founded (1769).

October 01

- International Music Day.
- National Day of Venezuelan Cocoa.
- International Coffee Day.
- International Day of Vegetarianism.
- World Bat Day

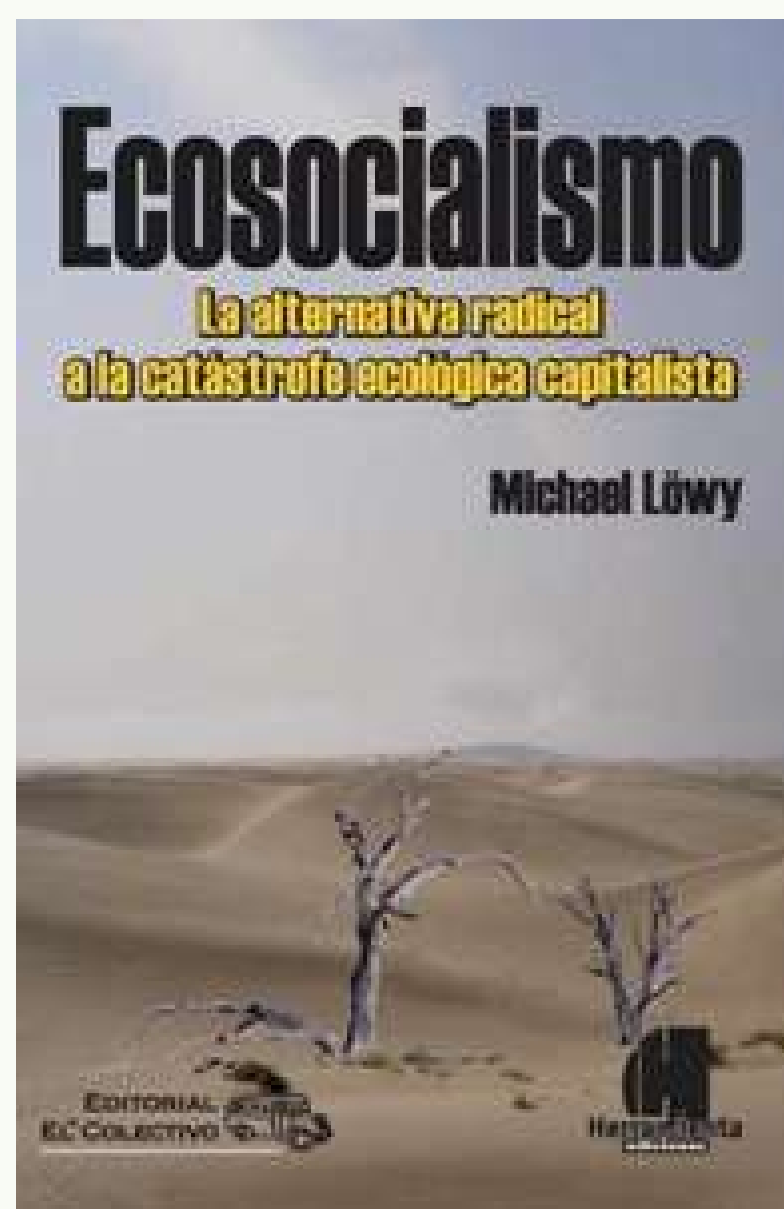
October 02

- International Day of Nonviolence.
- Inter-American Water Day

October 03

- Battle of the Trenches (1813).
- The National Institute of Parks of Venezuela INPARQUES (1973) is created.
- International Musketeer Day.

## RECOMMENDATIONS



Ecosocialism "is a current of ecological thought and action that makes the fundamental knowledge of Marxism its own, while freeing itself from its productivist dregs. For ecosocialists, the logic of the market and of profit - as well as that of the bureaucratic authoritarianism of the extinct. "Real socialism" - is incompatible with the demands of protection of the natural environment. While criticizing the ideology of the mainstream of the labor movement, the socialists know that the workers and their organizations are an essential force for any radical transformation of the system and for the establishment of a new society, socialist and ecological. " (extract from the first chapter of the book, spanish version).

